

THE CAIRO DAILY BULLETIN, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1871.

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JOHN H. O'ROURKE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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THE DOLLAR WEEKLY BULLETIN.
John H. O'Rourke & Co. have reduced the subscription price of the Weekly Cairo Bulletin to One Dollar per annum, making it the cheapest paper published in Southern Illinois.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Treasurer and Collector,
WILLIAM MARTIN.

For Surveyor,

JOHN P. HELY.

LOGAN WAS CONSPIRACIOUSLY ABSENT from the late radical State convention.

WE REGRET TO LEARN, as we do from the Gallatin *Gazette*, of the 22d instant, that Mr. Joel G. Morgan, the editor, is confined to his bed by sickness.

HOW DID MAJOR MUNN secure a seat in the late radical State convention? He was not a delegate from Alexander county, and had, in fact, no right in the convention he presided over.

IN THE OPINION of the Gallatin *Gazette* Mr. Wm. Martin, democratic candidate for treasurer of Alexander will carry the county by a large majority. We have no doubt that Mr. Martin will carry the county, but democrats should not forget that the radicals are going to make a desperate effort to elect Mr. Miller. If we hope to defeat the radicals we must all put our shoulders to the wheel, and each must labor with a will.

THE TEMPERANCE PEOPLE OF THE STATE are making arrangements to call a state convention to nominate a candidate in opposition to the radical candidate for congress from the state at large. They say they are consistent "taste not, touch not, handle not" men, and declare that the lash of the radical party cannot force any *General Beverage* down their throats. Special beverages may, they hold, be tolerated in case of sickness, but when their party asks them to take down a *General Beverage* their temperate souls and stomachs revolt at the proposition.

Boss TWEED has, at last, spoken. At a mass meeting of his friends, on the 22d, instant, he made a speech in which he said he had not replied to the newspaper attacks on his honesty because "no man can ever reply to newspaper attacks and sleep the attack." I tell my opponents and enemies he explained, that I am ready at any moment to go forward and meet them, but while they stand behind that mighty engine of the world's power, the press no man can do justice to himself by standing outside and fighting against those who are inside of the press."

(From the *Illinoian*, 25th instant.)

Doug BURNETT of yesterday morning regrets that the Democratic State Convention refused to nominate Hon. J. V. Jones, the Long Island lawyer, to the State Convention. It did not refuse to name one.

Fine BURNETT knew that Mr. Mann was a candidate, because he could have accommodated him otherwise over the state banner. He has persistently shamed Radical Abolitionists to cast radical nomination. His friends thought both were too conservative.

Second night—Meeting with the tenth convention at the New Haven. See says: This Burnett leaves Mr. Mann out of candidate for congress from the state at large. See also that is asserting what Major Burnett is doing now to be true. Mr. Mann was a candidate in appearance, he is never radical, neither in the full feather of falsehood, nor shortly after we suggested Mr. Mann as the proper man to receive the radical nomination, the Southerners met, and also made the suggestion. Mr. Mann graciously accepted the situation, and when at the county convention, Major Lanigan in the hearing and presence of Major Mann moved that the delegate from Alexander county to the radical State convention should be instructed to cast the vote of the county for Mann. The Major blandly smiled and bowed and silently acquiesced in the determination of his friends to run him for the nomination. Of course, Dan was a candidate.

THE CORRESPONDENCE between Hon. Carl Schurz and the ex-confederal soldiers who addressed to him a letter of endorsement is significant of future political events. It points to the fact that the mass of the southern people do not endorse the foolish and utterly impracticable policy lately promulgated by Davis, Stephens and Toombs, but, on the contrary, are anxious to hasten the return of completely restored unity between the lately belligerent and yet unfriendly sections of the republic. In an earnest effort to hasten this time, Mr. Schurz and a host of patriotic republicans are anxious to labor, but they cannot induce themselves to become members of the

democratic party, and are consequently striving to form a new political organization that will draw the conservative element from each of the great parties. At this time such an attempt cannot result in success, but there is no reason why liberal republicans and anti-Bourbon democrats should not be united against the centralizing influences of radicalism and the disintegrating policy of Bourbonism. They think alike on all vital questions of public policy, and it is an anomaly in politics that they remain in opposition organizations. The democratic party is the home of both these elements, but radicalism has so blinded its followers that many of even the wisest of the party—those who have learned to think democratic thoughts—cannot be induced to go within the democratic portals, and would rather vote against their principles than be called democrats. It will take time to modify this unreasonable hatred of the only party in the republic that is combatting for the true principles of the government, and until then the democrats must bide their time.

"J. U. E. T."

ANOTHER OF HIS INTERESTING LETTERS.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL, PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 20, 1871.

Special Correspondence of the Cairo Bulletin.

STILL ON THE WIND.

We have once more been "on the wing" and flying over the country at 40 miles an hour until our head swells with the motion. We left the old "Green mountain state," where we have found so many happy day, with much regret. Our route was from Middlebury to Rutland, Eagle Bridge to Troy, thence down the Hudson river to Albany. Our train consisted of thirteen cars packed full, and we left behind time. We tried to make it up by accelerated speed. The last 42 miles from Peekskill to New York we passed over in just one hour. We slowed a little in going over the ill-fated bridge at New Hamburg, and the terrible accident that occurred there rose fresh in our memory. Our stay in New York was of but few hours, duration. The city is as gay as a new fledged butterfly. Broadway is, as ever, crowded, crowded, crowded. We never see it but what we think of the old gent and wife who, on their first visit there, got up on the steps of a house and waited several hours for the crowd to get by, thinking that the churches were out.

We never saw the city gayer, or the crowd more dense. The clatter of drays, the rumble of the omnibuses, the usual roar and hum of the city, the streets one vast wave of struggling humanity, surging back and forth, cannot be described or seen in any other city and in no other place except Broadway.

The principal topic in New York, and the all absorbing one, is the "expose" of the great frauds of the "ring." The solid citizens of the city have come to the conclusion that "knaves" have been "trumps" long enough and now propose a new deal.

On leaving New-York we took the ferry at the foot of Detroitures street and were soon out of the United States and in New Jersey. The train was no exception to the one we left—thirteen cars, seven for Washington and six for Philadelphia, all crowded. We left three-quarters of an hour later and were soon flying along at the rate of forty miles an hour, we are getting used to this kind of travelling, and arrived here nearly on time.

Philadelphians with the 300,000 inhabitants seems like a village after leaving the metropolis, and we live in that amount.

There is an air of stability, of stand, disengaging susceptibility here that is most refreshing. The streets are narrow, but the houses are very wide and the stores magnificient and arranged with much taste. It is not many years since the citizens here fought against the introduction of streetcarries, and now there are no city in the nation that is as thoroughly "paved" with them. From this house you can without walking a single square, ride in any part of the city north east south or west. The city is full of stragglers and the streets crowded, particularly with the labor portion of humanity. And, speaking of the labor, puts us in mind that your compatriots are not far from Boston speaking of the battles at Narragansett, made as say that we never succeeded to tell a woman, etc., which sounds to those who know as does "stale old and unprofitable" in fact, some nonsense. What we did say and write was that we never before was unable to tell a woman, etc.—quite a difference. At all events, our eyes have been opened to a clique here, for we say it holds fast, for beauty of form and features, elegance and refinement of attire. Philadelphia ladies would take the blue ribbon every time if we had the awarding of it, but we leave them all.

As you will notice by the heading of our letter we were domiciled at the "Old Continental," which still ranks among the first hotels in the country, and is a great favorite with westerners as ever. We have met quite a number of St. Louisians here, who like ourselves are "homeward bound." Through the kindness of our old friend James Stover, Esq., formerly cashier of the Lindell hotel in St. Louis, and now in the same position here, we have been through the Continental in all its many and various apartments? you can judge of the discipline and order necessary in a mammoth establishment like this, when we tell you that it takes three hundred and fifty employees to keep the machine in running order. Philadelphia is well supplied with amusements at the present time and all well patronized. We attended the Walnut street theater last evening which was crowded to witness the last representation of a play taken from Scott's "Kenilworth." The characters were well drawn and acted and the play magnificently mounted. In one scene at Kenilworth Castle over one hundred and fifty persons are massed

At a recent English wedding the bride's pet terrier got into the church, and upon the administration of the post-mortem kiss went for the bridegroom in a remarkably demonstrative manner.

The ground rent is set down at London less a figure than \$4,000,000.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

I will sell at Public Auction
ON MONDAY THE 2D DAY OF OCTOBER, 1871,
at 10 o'clock A. M., on the premises, that

DENIMBLE RESIDENCE

situated on between 4th and 5th Sts. be-

ing on or 25 block 54, city of Cairo, and at

present occupied by A. Black, Esq.

The house is a frame containing 8 rooms, with

closets, back stairs, etc. &c. will sell the

TWO VACANT LOTS

adjoining—say lots, 23 and 24 in same block, and

also lots 31, 32 and 33 in block 21, first addition

to the city of Cairo, containing 70 feet on 21st St.,

and 100 feet on Commercial between

Commercial avenue and Poplar street.

Title Perfect. Terms 5% cash—balance in two

equal payments of 6 and 12 months with 10 per

cent interest, secured by deed of trust on the

property.

C. WINSTON,

data.

As Cheap, if not Cheaper

than any wood dealer in Cairo. Leave orders

on me at the Postoffice and at Ross' coal

ard on Commercial street, opposite Tenth and

Twelfth streets, Cairo, Illinois. I have good

measure and will card the wood up if desired.

DAVENPORT HALEY.

F. M. WARD,

WOOD AND COAL

MERCHANT.

F. M. WARD is prepared to deliver the best

Fire Wood and Stone Coal

IN ANY PART OF THE CITY,

And in any quantity desired, on short notice.

COAL DELIVERED AT \$4.50 PER TON

OFFICE—Over Bearhart, Orth & Co.'s store,

two doors above the corner of Eighth street and

Commercial avenue.

SAVING TWENTY PER CENT

By buying your

FURNITURE.

AT THEIR

EICHHOFF BROS.

FROM

WASHINGON-av. Near Costum House

CAIRO, ILLINOIS

Mrs. Eichhoff Brothers desire to inform the citizens of Cairo that they are manufacturing all kinds of

PLAIN AND FANCY FURNITURE

And have now on hand and for sale, at

Wholesale and Retail.

II kinds, and will continue to keep at their

SALES ROOMS, IN THEIR NEW BUILDING,

Every description of cheap and costly furniture, such as

Carved Bedsteads,

Marble Topped Bureaus,

Sideboards, Washstands,

Wardrobes, Sofa Chairs,

Sofas and Matresses,

Lounges, etc., etc.,

which they will guarantee to sell

TWENTY PER CENT LOWER

Than they can be bought from any other dealer in the city. Give them a call and satisfy yourself.

GAS FITTERS.

F. S. MURRAY,

GAS AND STEAM FITTER

HAS REMOVED FROM PERRY HOUSE

TO THE

BRICK BUILDING ON SEVENTH ST

OPPOSITE WISTER'S BLOCK,

CAIRO, ILLINOIS.

He has greatly improved his stock, and has

now on hand all kinds of

CHANDELIERS,

PENDENTS,

BRACKETS,

HALL LIGHTS,

SHADES, ETC.

HE HAS MARKED DOWN PRICES

on the following fixtures, and invites the patronage of the public.

WHOLESALE CROCERS.

R. SMYTH & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

OHIO LEVEE,

CAIRO, ILLINOIS.

Also, keep constantly on hand a most complete stock of

LIQUORS.

SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKIES

—GINS, —

Port, Madera, Sherry and Catawba Wines

R. SMYTH & CO. sell exclusively for cash, to

those which they invite the especial attention

of close buyers.

Special attention given to Filling Orders.

FOR SALE

NOTICE.

The Illinois Central Rail Road Company now

offer for sale the following lots in Cairo:

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